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From passive sampling of sediment to lipid based concentrations

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Objectives

•To calculate *equilibrium partitioning concentration* in lipids (C_{lipid partitioning}) based on equilibrium passive sampling

•Comparison to actual measured lipid normalized concentrations in biota ($C_{\text{lipid normalized}}$)



Hypotheses

 $C_{\text{free}} \leftrightarrow C_{\text{passive sampler}} \leftrightarrow C_{\text{biota lipids}}$

 $C_{\text{lipid partitioning}} \approx C_{\text{lipid normalized}}$

 $C_{\text{lipid partitioning}} < C_{\text{lipid normalized}}$

C_{lipid partitioning} > C_{lipid normalized}



Coated glass method

- Several coating thicknesses (from 1 µm to 16 µm)
- Equilibration in laboratory



Fig. Annika Jahnke



Different coating thicknesses \rightarrow Built-in QA/QC



Reichenberg et al. 2008 Chem. Central J., 2, 8.



Method sensitivity test

- Method quantification limits (MQLs): average blank + 10 times the standard deviation
- For 7 indicator PCBs:

	fg/L
GC/HRMS	16-800
GC/LRMS	168-2250



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Calibration of coated glass analysis to C_{lipid partitioning}

 $C_{\text{lipid partitioning}} = C_{\text{passive sampler}} * K_{\text{lipid, passive sampler}}$

K_{lipid,PDMS} have been published for PCBs: *Jahnke et al. 2008. Chemosphere, 73, 1575–1581*



Head space sampling HS-SPME

- SPME fiber is equilibrated with the sediment
- Time series analysis to determine C_{fiber} at equilibrium







Calibration of HS-SPME

- External calibration standard in lipid (olive oil)
- Direct calculation of C_{lipid,partitioning}
- Benefits
 - Solvent free approach
 - Extraction and analysis can be manual or fully automated

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	Headspace-SPME	Coated glass
Working principle	Equilibration in head space and thermal desorption	PDMS coatings are equilibrated, extract injected on instrument
Calibration to C _{lipid,partitioning}	External calibration above spiked olive oil	$C_{\text{lipid,partitioning}} = C_{\text{PDMS}} * K_{\text{lipid,PDMS}}$
Special features	Applicable to dry samples	Combines thin coatings with high polymer mass
Confirmation of equilibrium	Time series measurements	Proportionality between mass of analyte and polymer (QA/QC)
Surface fouling	No physical contact with sample	Absence of artifacts indicated by the same proportionality

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C_{lipid,normalized} vs. C_{lipid,partitioning} Chironomidae larvae 20 А y = 0.416x• C_{lipid partitioning} av. 2.4 times $15 | R^2 = 0.89$ higher than $C_{lipid normalized}$ G_{ipid},normalized (µg g⁻¹) 10 5 _____149 ⊢⊖_-| 5 10

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15

Clipid,partitioning (µg g⁻¹) 20

A11 Seems as if Chironomidae are mosquito larvae, not worms? AnnikaJahnke, 11/05/2011

C_{lipid partitioning} vs. C_{lipid normalized} Native fish

• C_{lipid partitioning} av. 5.2 higher than C_{lipid normalized}



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C_{lipid,normalized} vs. C_{lipid,partitioning} Native mussels



Mäenpää et al. Manuscript in preparation



Conclusions

- Calibration with K_{lipid,passive sampler}
 - post measurement calibration
 - requires analyte and media specific K values
- Direct calibration using partition standards in lipids
 - complete calibration within one step
 - easier to apply for new chemicals and media
- C_{passive sampler} can be converted to useful information to be used in environmental risk assessment
- C_{lipid partitioning}
 - predicts equilibrium level

