















### NORMAN: the first 10 years

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**June 2006** 

activities -

1st workshop,

Start of

Stresa



Oct 2008

End of the EU project & first presentation of non-profit **NORMAN Association** 

Feb 2009 **Foundation** of the **NORMAN Association** 



**Sept 2005** Kick-off meeting

2004 EC call for tender

> VII.1.2.1 Environmental analysis and monitoring of emerging environmental pollutants. There is a need to improve the European capabilities for large scale monitoring and bio-monitoring of environmental pollutants in the various matrixes (air, water, soil). The aim is to create a network among European reference laboratories and related organisations in dealing with emerging environmental pollutants for which Europe-wide data are lacking The approach will foster co-operation and data transfer of environmental analysis and monitoring institutes and related regulatory bodies for validating common and standardised methods. Involvement of the new Member States for strengthening the European cooperation is requested. The involvement of standardisation organisations is required. (Topic for up- to- one Co-ordination Action)



We started as a consortium of 17 partners ...

We now have 70+ members !!!

### **EMERGING SUBSTANCES** WHY SHOULD WE BE CONCERNED?











"Building peace in the minds o

COUNTRIES

**PARTNERSHIPS** 



#### JOINT RESEARCH CENTRE

The European Commission's science and knowledge service

opean Commission > EU Science Hub > News > First Watch List for emerging water pollutants

Eme

### **Emerging substances:** why should we be concerned?

vironr

ng chemical or tnat is not commonly

likely occu

been reco

new chem

environment but has

enter the environmen

or suspected adverse

human health effects

chemical or microbial

In spite of major progress in the regulation of chemicals, there are still chemicals that may have deleterious long-term effects on ecosystems and/or human health

Toxic Substances Hydrology Program

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commonly derived from municipal, agricultural, and industrial wastewater sources and pathways. These newly recognized contaminants represent a shift in traditional thinking as many are produced industrially yet are dispersed to the environment from domestic, commercial, and

The major goal of the Contaminants of Emerging Concern in the Environment Investigation is to provide information on these compounds for evaluation of their potential threat to environmental and human health. To accomplish this goal, the research activities of this project are

to: (1) develop analytical methods to measure chemicals and microorganisms or their genes in a sediment, waste) down to trace levels, (2) determine the environmental occurrence of these po characterize the myriad of sources and source pathways that determine contaminant release to quantify processes that determine their transport and fate through the environment, and (5) ide

from exposure to these chemicals or microorganisms. Project research on contaminants of emerging concern is being conducted within these five areas. The following links provide more detailed information.

JRC Newsletter Press centre Photos Videos

which will provide high-quality information on the concentrations of emerging or little-known pollutants

across the EU. The report, first published earlier this year, also describes the procedures and criteria used to identify and rank

emerging pollutants with very different uses such as prescriptio drugs, personal care products, and chemicals used in agriculture and industry. The list was produced in support of European environmental legislation which aims to protect the quality of European waters.

ews & Events Ou

water

### Influencing factors for future emerging substances:

- Population growth & an ageing population
- Climate change
- New materials, new technologies, circular economy...

# NETWORK OF REFERENCE LABORATORIES, RESEARCH CENTERS AND RELATED ORGANISATIONS FOR MONITORING OF EMERGING ENVIRONMENTAL SUBSTANCES

#### **MISSION:**

- **EXCHANGE INFORMATION** ON EMERGING SUBSTANCES
- IMPROVE DATA QUALITY
- PROMOTE SYNERGIES AMONG RESEARCH TEAMS AND MORE
   EFFICIENT TRANSFER OF RESEARCH FINDINGS TO POLICY-MAKERS





# NETWORK OF REFERENCE LABORATORIES, RESEARCH CENTERS AND RELATED ORGANISATIONS FOR MONITORING OF EMERGING ENVIRONMENTAL SUBSTANCES

### **Working Groups**

- 1) Prioritisation
  - 2) Bioassays
- 3) Effect-Directed Analysis
- 4) Engineered Nanoparticles
  - 5) Wastewater reuse
  - 6) Indoor environment

+ 2 Cross-WG: Passive sampling and NT screening





### NORMAN SUCCESS STORIES



NORMAN

Network of reference laboratories, research centres and related organisations for monitoring of emerging environmental substances



NORMAN Network | Working Groups | Working Group Area | Membership | NORMAN Bulletin

Success Stories

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#### Success Stories

NORMAN EMPODAT database used as a building block of the pan-European chemical database platform

In April 2013 NORMAN partnered up with the Integrated Platform for Chemical Monitoring (IPCheM) currently being established by

Non-target screening techniques for environmental monitoring

It is increasingly recognised that the number of compounds measured today via target chemical analysis is not sufficient to provide



The sustained efforts of the NORMAN Expert Group on passive sampling are finally bearing fruit. The discussions on the official inclusion of passive sampling in national monitoring schemes, kicked off in 2012 by Working Group E of the EC's DG Environment, leant heavily on the outcomes of the 2011 NORMAN interlaboratory study of passive sampling. The data generated by the twentynine labs – European, North American and Australian – involved in that study have since been systematically evaluated and been the subject of follow-up meetings of the NORMAN Expert Group. As a result of this world-leading move, long-awaited and costefficient integrated monitoring tools for a wide range of pollutants are now on the verge of practical application.

Read more about <u>Passive sampling</u> - the future of pollutant monitoring in aquatic envimoment and the NORMAN <u>Expert Group</u> Meeting on Environmental quality standards and passive sampling in Brno, 3 - 4 July 2013 and Expert Group meeting on Passive Sampling in Prague, 27 May 2009.

Read also about (Mini)workshop on "Passive Sampling techniques for monitoring of contaminants in the aquatic environment" 27-28 November 2014



### DATA QUALITY AND HARMONISATION OF MONITORING METHODS

for validation of chemical and biological monitoring methods

Now adopted as CEN Technical Specification:

CEN TS 16800:2015



### 5 Interlaboratory studies on priority research substances

Brominated flame retardants (2008)

Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (2008)

Perfluorinated compounds (2010)

Organophosphorous flame retardants (2012)

Detection and quantification of highly polar compounds (On-going)

4 Interlaboratory studies for harmonisation of new techniques

Passive sampling for emerging contaminants (2011)

Non-target screening for water monitoring purposes (2013)

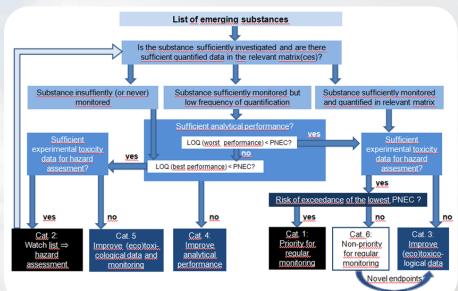
Battery of bioassays for water quality assessment (2015)

Non-target screening of dust (On-going)



## IDENTIFYING EMERGING SUBSTANCES OF PRIORITY CONCERN

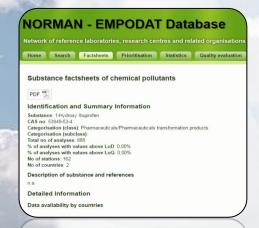
- An innovative, widely accepted approach for EU prioritisation of emerging substances
- Methodology that addresses data gaps
- Already applied in various EU countries
- Watch list recommendations to the EU Commission in 2014
- NORMAN contributes to the EU Commission WGs for WFD PS review





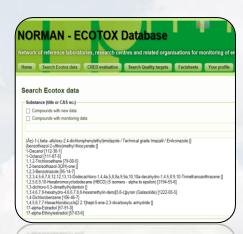
### INFORMATION AND DATA EXCHANGE

### EMPODAT Chemical database



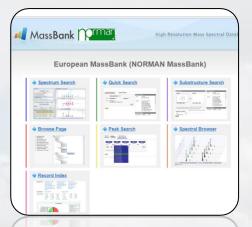
A database of more than 9 million geo-referenced monitoring data on emerging substances

#### EMPODAT Ecotox module



A platform for systematic collection and evaluation of ecotoxicity studies for harmonised derivation of environmental quality standards

#### NORMAN Spectra MassBank



An open-access database of mass spectra for more than 1,000 environmental contaminants



## INNOVATIVE TOOLS FOR MONITORING AND RISK ASSESSMENT

NORMAN anticipates the need for new tools and organises the activities in a constructive way

Example: non-target analysis

- First discussions at the Stresa workshop in 2009
- Setting-up of a Working Group
- Creation of NORMAN MassBank
- Launch of first Intercomparison Studies
- Workshops to exchange method knowledge
- NormaNews for retrospective analysis of suspects, exchange of list of "suspects", digital freezing of mass spectra of environmental samples



# NORMAN: AN EXCHANGE PLATFORM FOR SCIENTISTS AND DECISION-MAKERS



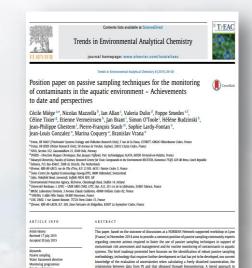
#### **Scientific watch**

on emerging
substances
5 Newsletters +
5 issues of the
NORMAN Bulletin



#### Workshops and Expert Group meetings

more than
30 international
events
since 2006



#### **Position papers**

- Toxicity profiling (bioassays)
- EDA Guidance
- Passive sampling



# SCIENCE-POLICY INTERFACE: CONNECTING WORLDS



#### Science

Understanding the world

- Reliable analytical tools
- Potential effects
- Concepts/models
- Research results
- Uncertainty evaluation



Prioritisation
Databases
Workshops
Validation & QA/QC
Harmonisation
EC WGs participant



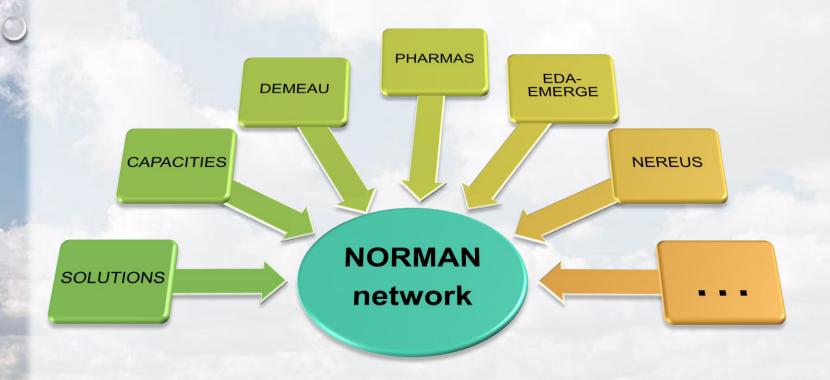
#### **Policy**

Managing the world

- Risks (no risks)
- Responsibility
- Use of data
- Regulation
- Planning



### NORMAN: AN EXCHANGE PLATFORM TO INCREASE SYNERGIES IN RESEARCH



NORMAN interacts as efficiently as possible with ALL research projects dealing with emerging contaminants (national and international initiatives): increased visibility of the results and faster implementation in policies



# PAPER ACCEPTED FOR PUBLICATION STOTEN JOURNAL (ELSEVIER)

#### 10 Recommendations for the review of the WFD

"TOWARDS THE REVIEW OF THE EUROPEAN UNION WATER
FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE: RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MORE EFFICIENT
ASSESSMENT AND MANAGEMENT OF CHEMICAL CONTAMINATION IN
EUROPEAN SURFACE WATER RESOURCES"









# CHALLENGES FOR THE NEXT 10 YEARS

- Improving the quality of the data, reducing uncertainty
- Encouraging data sharing (EU and national projects)
   and harmonisation of data reporting formats
- Improving the use of monitoring data for risk assessment in the different regulatory frameworks
- Better understanding of the complexity of our environment
- Better communication and use of the results from scientific research



We have come this far thanks to the efforts of all our members, for which I am very grateful





I invite you to continue this progress by engaging in fruitful discussions at this workshop and beyond

